



Research

A photograph of two students walking away from the camera on a paved path. The student on the left is a young man with short brown hair, wearing a light blue polo shirt and white shorts, carrying a basketball in his right hand and a black duffel bag over his left shoulder. The student on the right is a young woman with long dark hair, wearing a red t-shirt and white shorts, carrying a large grey backpack and holding a white piece of paper. The background is a lush green campus with trees and a building in the distance.

# Transfer Composition of Division I Teams

July 2018

# Summary

- The percentage of women who transferred into a Division I school from another four-year college (6.73%) has edged above the percentage of 4-4 transfers among men (6.66%).
- The uptick in four-year college transfer among women is occurring across a number of sports, but is particularly visible in women's basketball.
- Baseball and men's basketball have the most two-year college transfers. The sports with the most four-year college transfers are beach volleyball, men's soccer, M/W tennis, M/W basketball and M/W skiing.
- After a period of increase, the number of 4-4 transfers on Division I men's basketball rosters has decreased slightly.
- Graduate transfers are rolled into the totals shown in these slides. An accompanying report breaks these students out separately.

# Methodology Notes

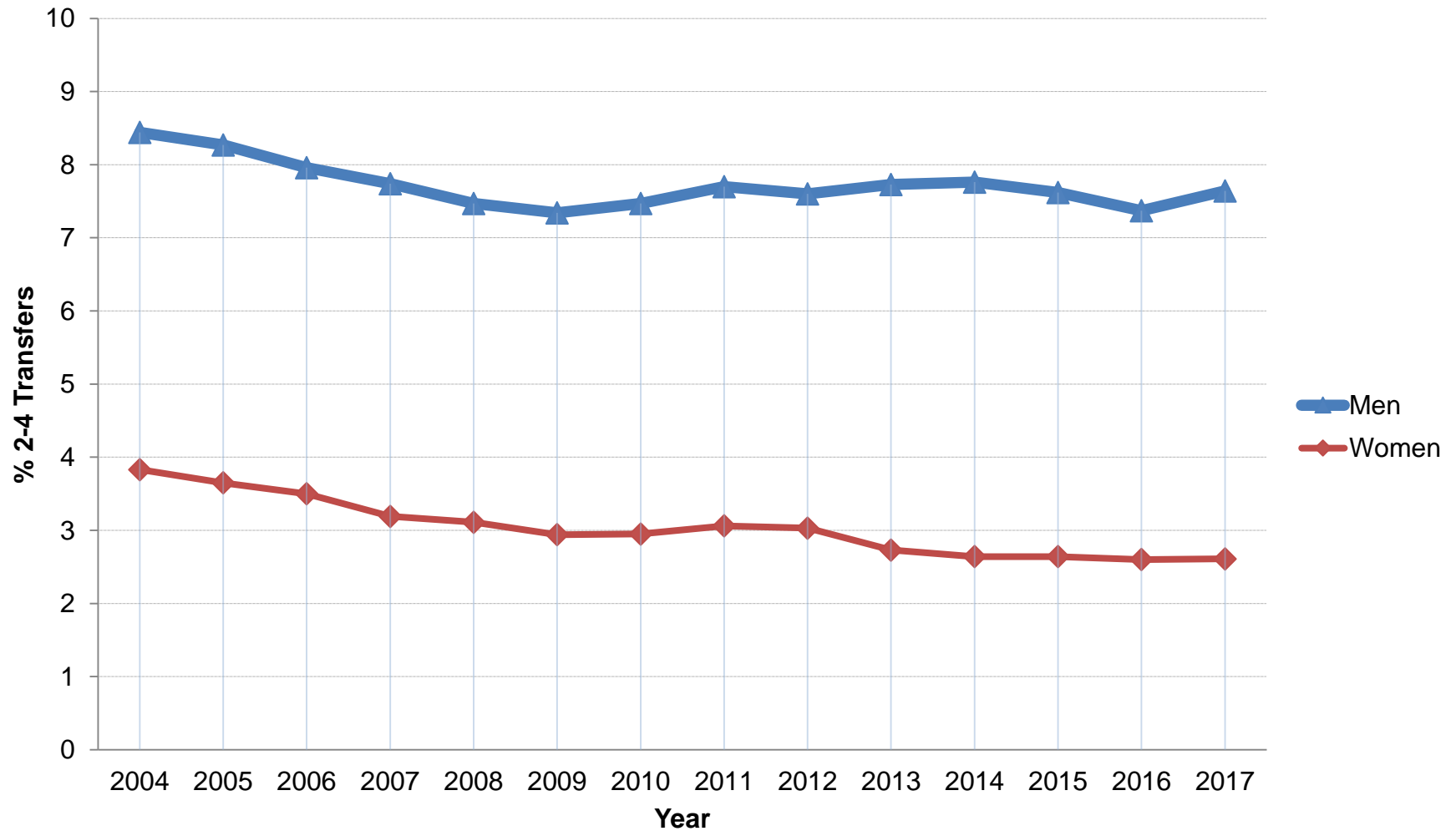
- The following slides describe whether student-athletes in recent APR cohorts transferred into their current Division I school.
- These numbers should be distinguished from lifetime transfer rates for a student-athlete, which would be higher. This is because an APR cohort snapshot includes students at various stages of their academic career including some who may transfer at a later time.
- Division I schools are generally not required to report transfer destinations of departing students (just transfer status of incoming students), making calculation of lifetime transfer rates difficult.

# 2016-17 Transfer Composition of Division I Student-Athlete Population

	Overall		Men	Women
<b>Non-Transfers</b>	88.1%		85.7%	90.7%
<b>2-year Transfers</b>	5.3%		7.6%	2.6%
<b>4-year Transfers</b>	6.7%		6.7%	6.7%

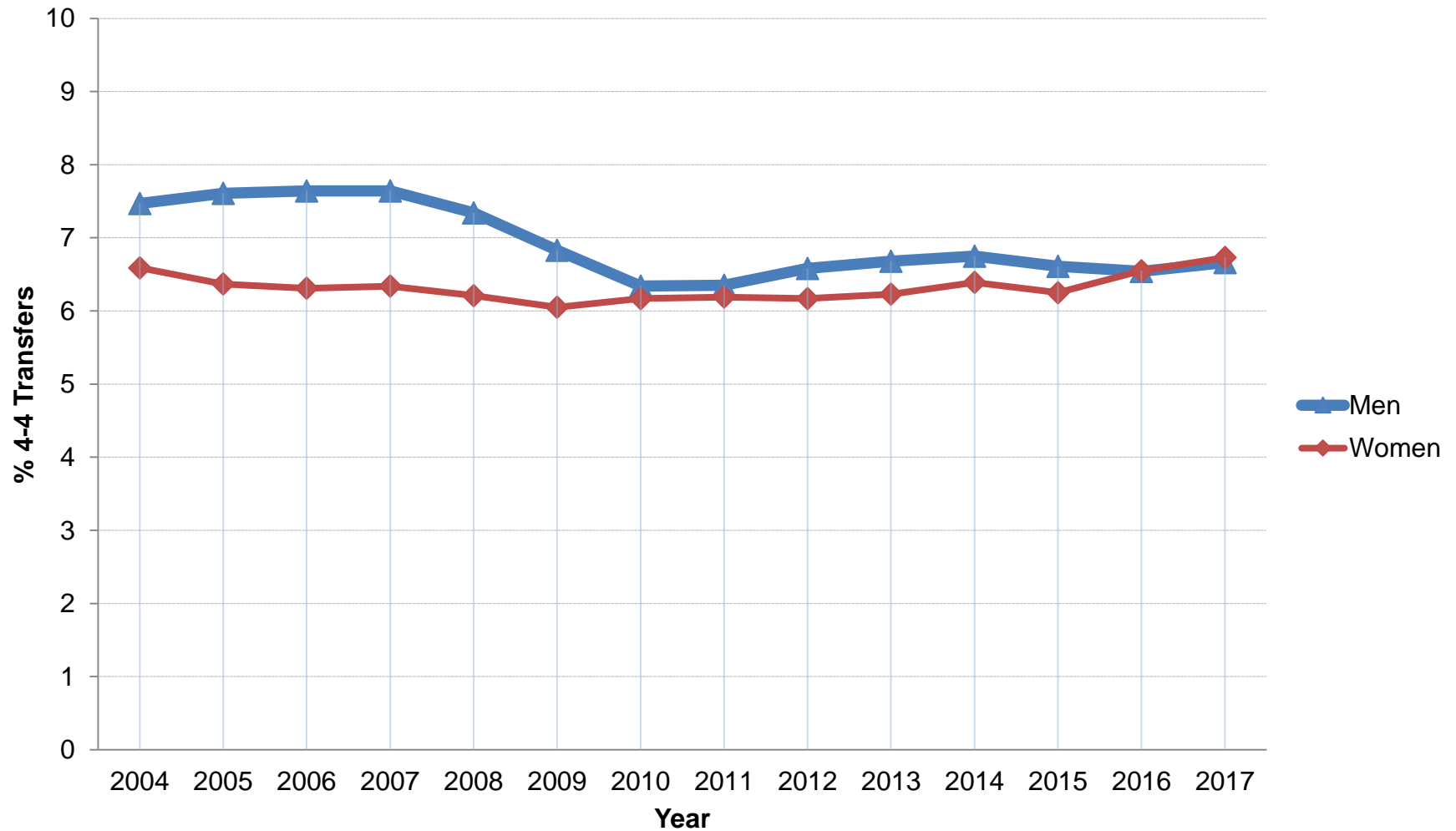
Note: Percentages represent transfer status (whether student-athlete entered current Division I school from high school, a 2-year college or another 4-year college) within the 2016-17 APR cohort. Lifetime transfer rates will be higher (for example, some of the student-athletes in the APR cohort are first-year college students who may eventually transfer).

# Trends in the Proportion of Two-Year College Transfers in APR Cohorts



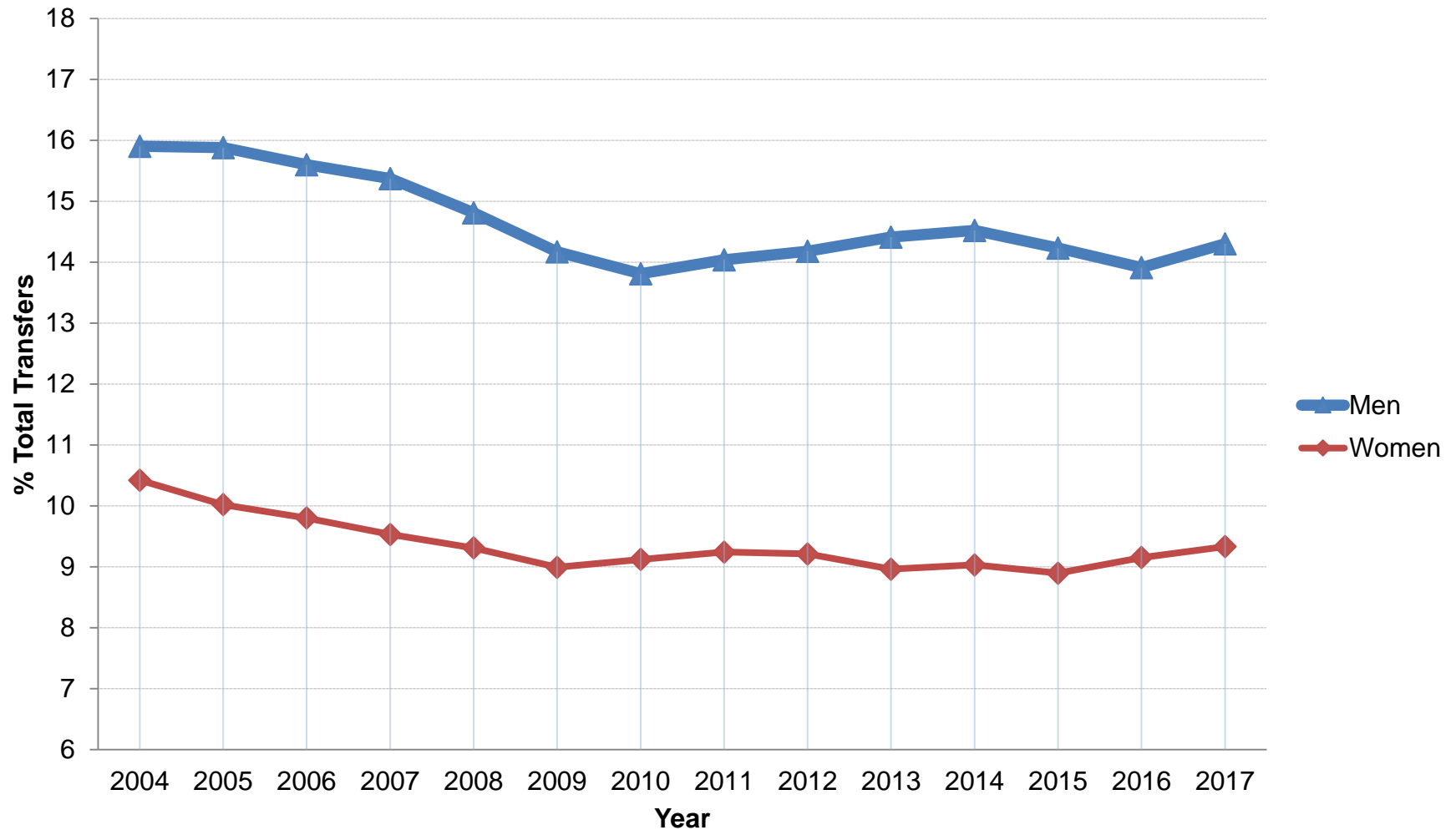
Notes: Percentages based on the 2017 APR data (released in May 2018).

# Trends in the Proportion of Four-Year College Transfers in APR Cohorts



Notes: Percentages based on the 2017 APR data (released in May 2018).

# Trends in the Proportion of Total Transfers in APR Cohorts



Notes: Percentages based on the 2017 APR data (released in May 2018). Sum of 2-year and 4-year transfer numbers.



# 2016-17 Percentage of Two-Year College Transfers among Division I Student-Athletes

Men's Sport	2-year
Baseball	19.9%
Basketball	14.5%
Football (FBS)	9.2%
Football (FCS)	7.0%
Water Polo	4.5%
Track and Field	4.0%
Soccer	3.9%
Golf	3.9%
Ice Hockey	3.6%
Tennis	2.5%
Cross Country	2.1%
Wrestling	1.9%
Rifle (co-ed)	1.4%
Swimming	1.2%
Gymnastics	1.1%
Lacrosse	0.8%
Volleyball	0.7%
Skiing	0.0%
Fencing	0.0%

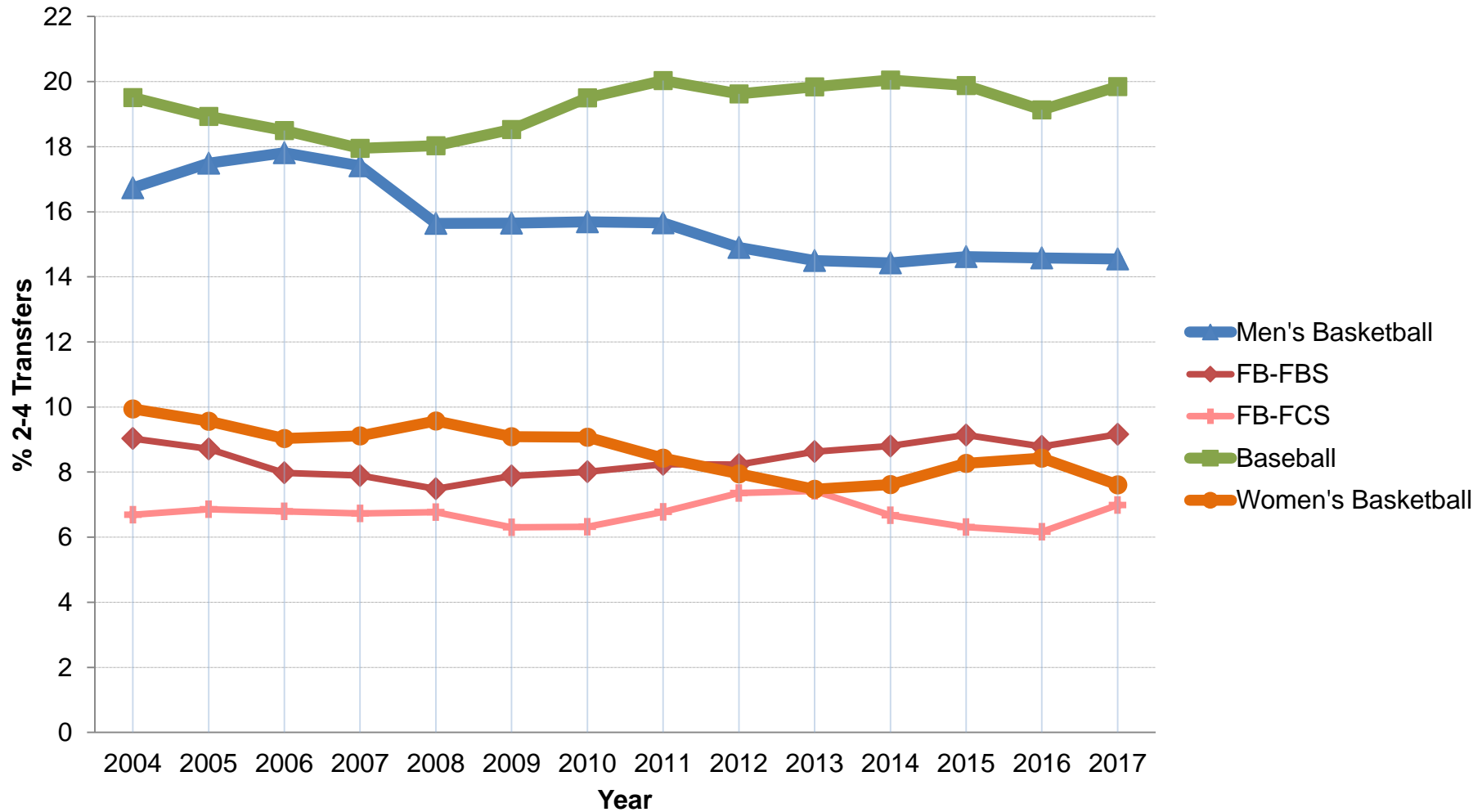
Women's Sport	2-year
Basketball	7.6%
Softball	5.4%
Volleyball	4.4%
Beach Volleyball	3.2%
Track and Field	2.4%
Golf	2.2%
Soccer	1.8%
Cross Country	1.3%
Water Polo	1.3%
Bowling	1.2%
Tennis	1.0%
Rowing	1.0%
Swimming	0.5%
Lacrosse	0.5%
Skiing	0.0%
Gymnastics	0.0%
Fencing	0.0%
Ice Hockey	0.0%
Field Hockey	0.0%

# 2016-17 Percentage of Four-Year College Transfers among Division I Student-Athletes

Men's Sport	4-year
Soccer	14.2%
Tennis	13.9%
Basketball	13.0%
Skiing	13.0%
Golf	8.6%
Track and Field	7.3%
Football (FCS)	6.7%
Cross Country	6.5%
Ice Hockey	5.9%
Volleyball	5.5%
Wrestling	5.2%
Swimming	4.3%
Football (FBS)	4.2%
Lacrosse	4.0%
Fencing	3.6%
Water Polo	3.3%
Baseball	1.8%
Rifle (co-ed)	1.8%
Gymnastics	1.1%

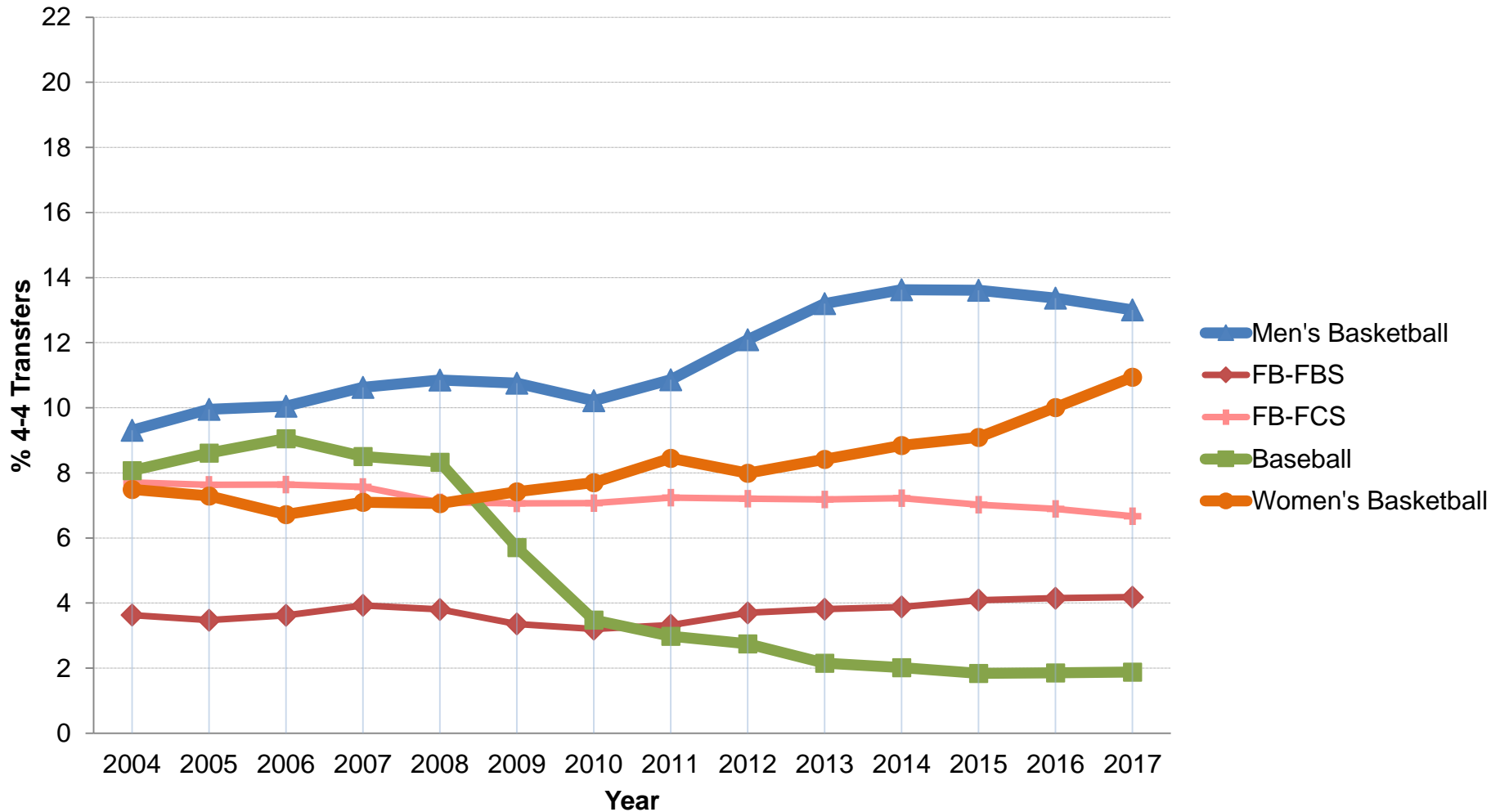
Women's Sport	4-year
Beach Volleyball	16.5%
Tennis	12.7%
Basketball	10.9%
Skiing	9.7%
Volleyball	8.5%
Golf	7.6%
Soccer	7.2%
Track and Field	6.9%
Softball	6.4%
Cross Country	5.9%
Bowling	4.4%
Swimming	4.4%
Fencing	4.3%
Field Hockey	3.5%
Rowing	3.0%
Water Polo	2.9%
Ice Hockey	2.5%
Lacrosse	2.4%
Gymnastics	2.3%

# Trends in the Proportion of Two-Year College Transfers in APR Cohorts



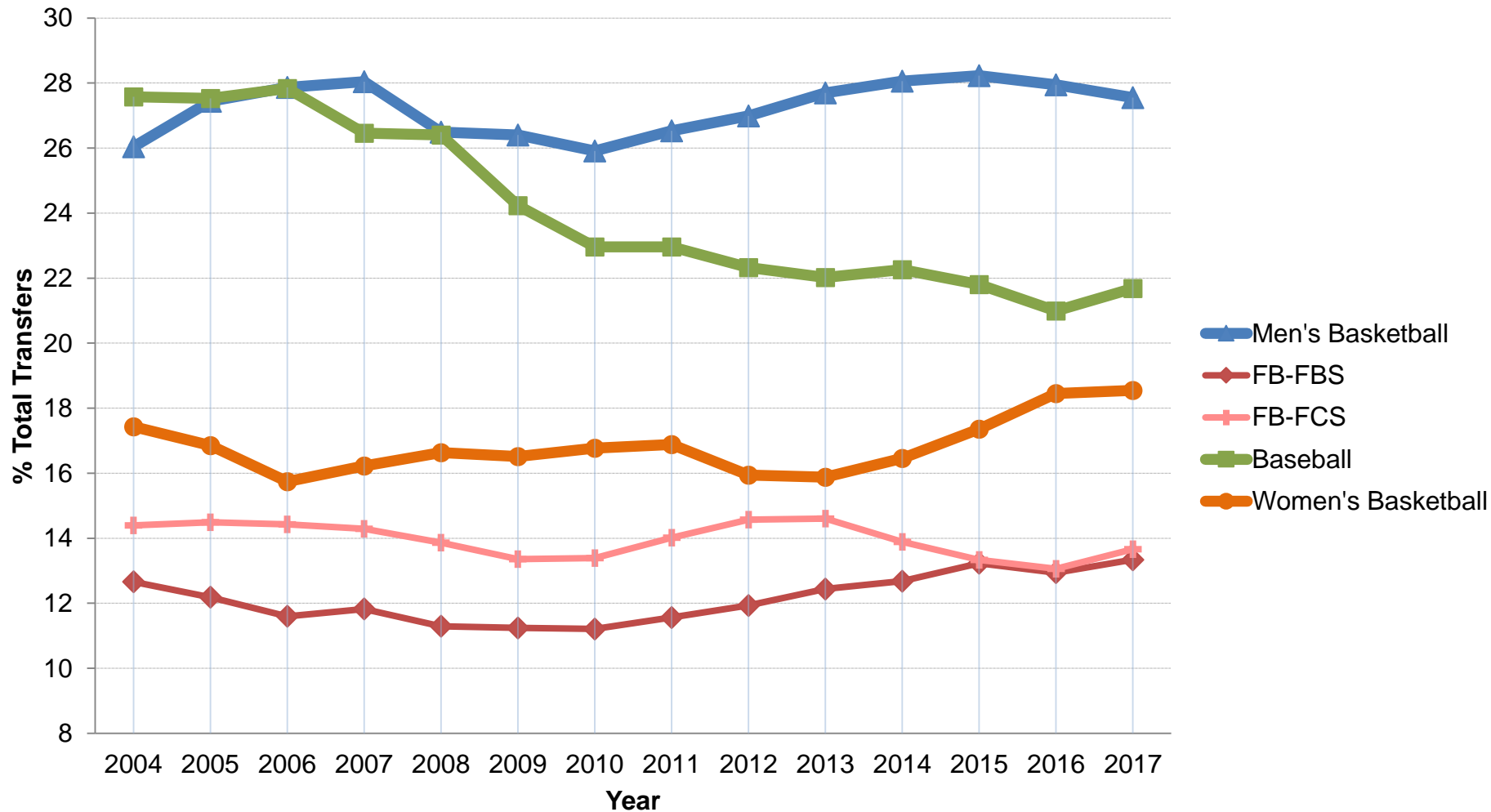
Notes: Percentages based on the 2017 APR data (released in May 2018).

# Trends in the Proportion of Four-Year College Transfers in APR Cohorts



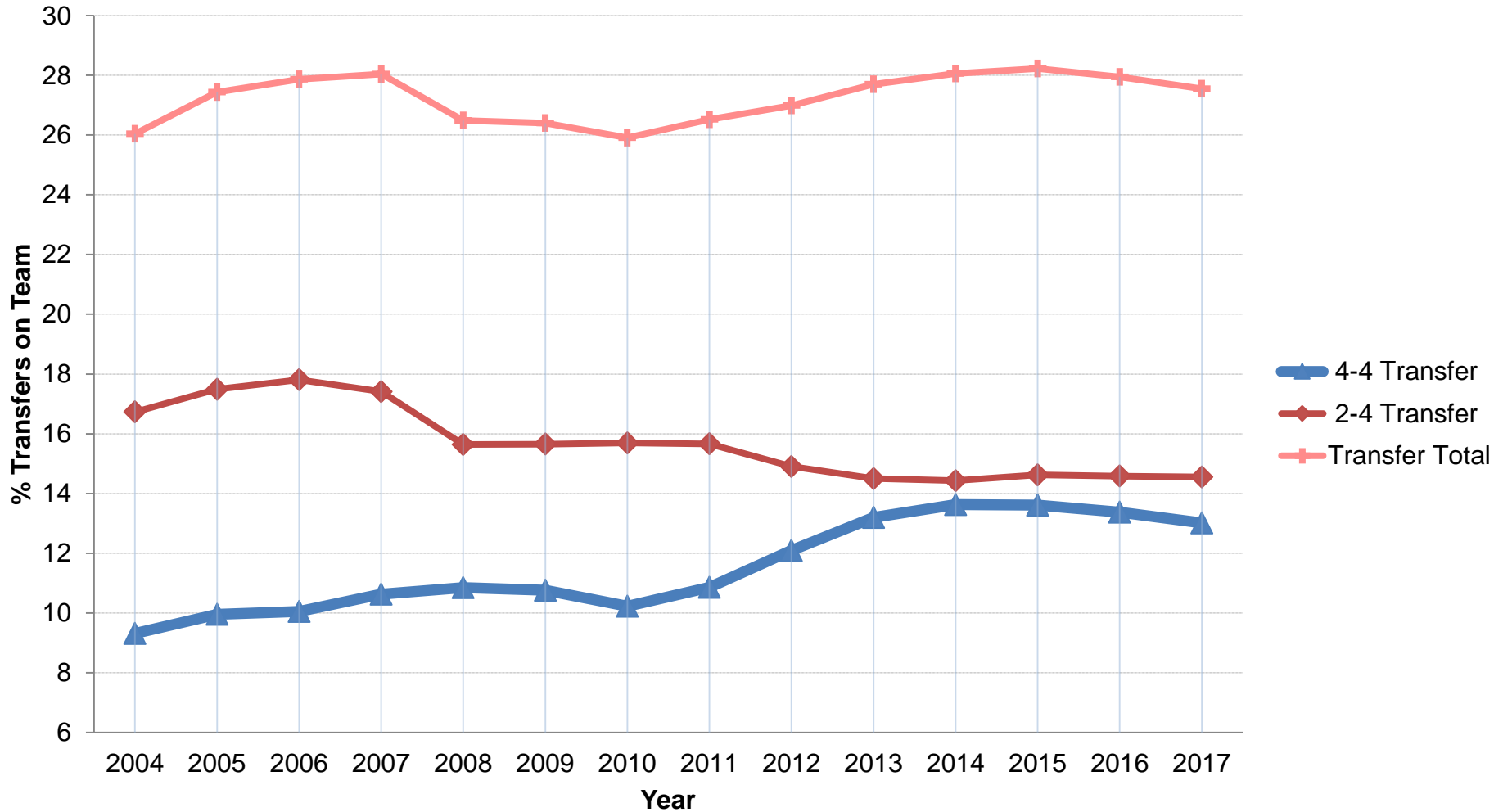
Notes: Percentages based on the 2017 APR data (released in May 2018).

# Trends in the Proportion of Total Transfers in APR Cohorts



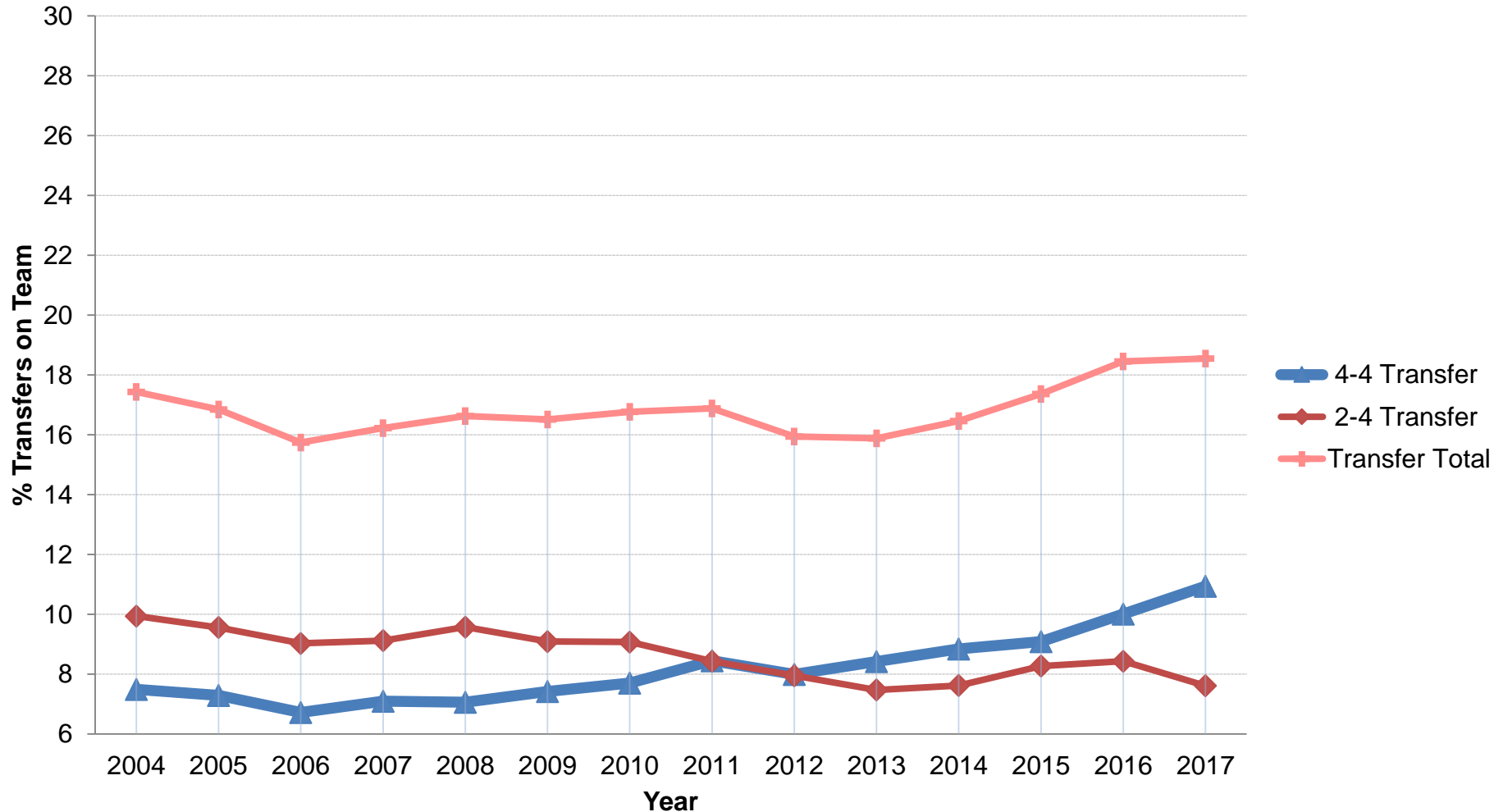
Notes: Percentages based on the 2017 APR data (released in May 2018). Sum of 2-year and 4-year transfer numbers.

# Trends in the Proportion of Men's Basketball Transfers in Division I APR Cohorts



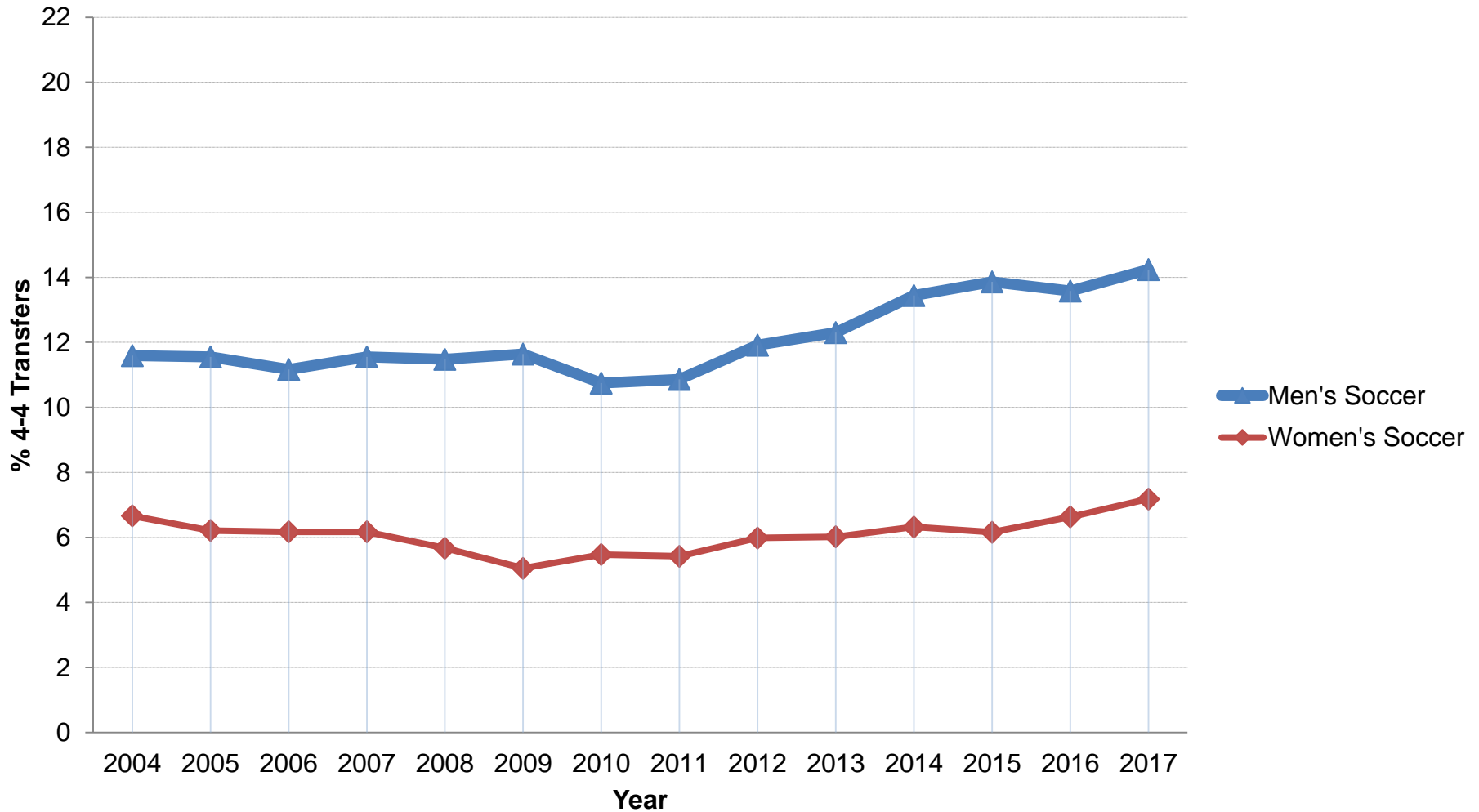
Notes: Percentages based on the 2017 APR data (released in May 2018).

# Trends in the Proportion of Women's Basketball Transfers in Division I APR Cohorts



Notes: Percentages based on the 2017 APR data (released in May 2018).

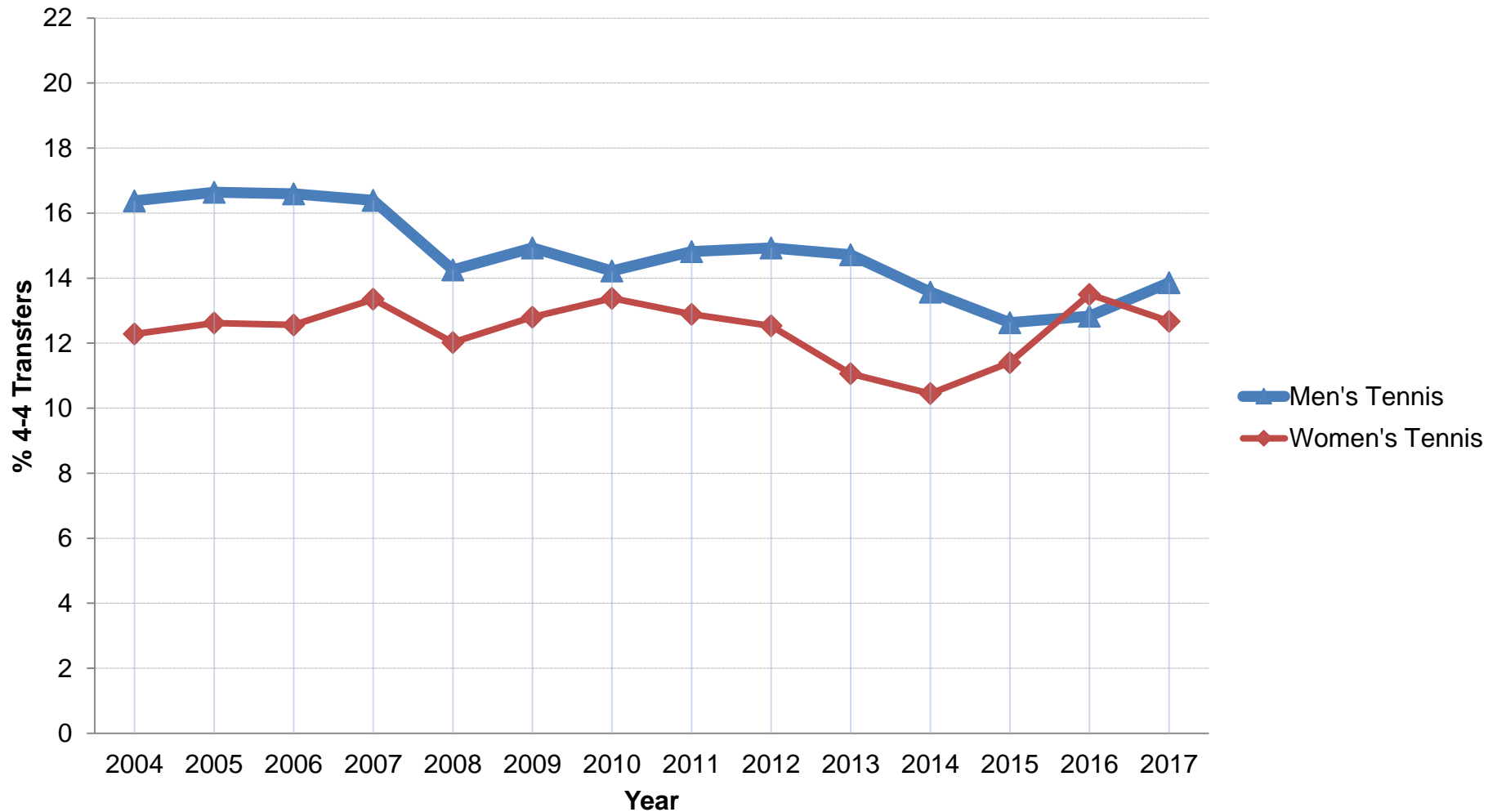
# Trends in the Proportion of Four-Year College Transfers in Soccer Cohorts



Notes: Percentages based on the 2017 APR data (released in May 2018).



# Trends in the Proportion of Four-Year College Transfers in Tennis Cohorts



Notes: Percentages based on the 2017 APR data (released in May 2018).



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